L-GAGE[®] LE250/550 Analog/ Discrete Laser Gauging Sensors

Instruction Manual

Original Instructions 175094 Rev. E 6 November 2015



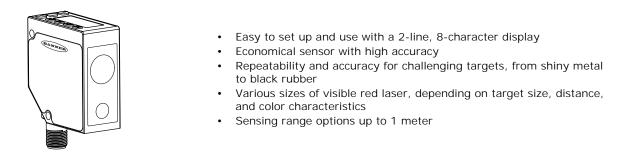


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1 Product Description

Laser displacement sensor with both analog and discrete (switched) outputs

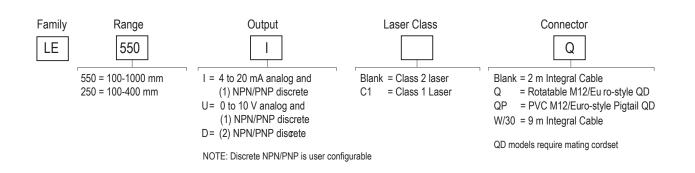




WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

1.1 Models



1.2 Overview

The L-GAGE LE250/550 Analog/Discrete Laser Sensor is a visible, bore-sighted laser displacement sensor designed for precise, color-insensitive measurements. The LE series of sensors includes models covering various ranges, spot sizes, and measurement performance. A 2-line LCD shows the real-time distance measurement, in either millimeters or inches, and the analog output measurement, in milliamps or volts, when the sensor is in Run mode.

See Factory Default Settings on page 35 for a list of sensor default settings.

Models with current or voltage analog outputs are available. This manual provides the display information and the navigation paths for the current models with the voltage model text in parentheses if it is different.

1.2.1 Features and Indicators



Figure 1. LE Analog Sensor Features

1.2.2 Display



Figure 2. LE550 Display in Run Mode

Three LED indicators provide ongoing indication of the sensing status.

Analog Output LED Indicator

Solid Amber = Displayed distance is within the taught analog output window

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Off}}$ = Displayed distance is outside the taught analog output window

Power LED Indicator

Solid Green = Normal operation, power On and laser On Flashing Green (1 Hz) = Power On and laser Off (laser enable mode)

Discrete Output LED Indicator

Solid Amber = Discrete Output is On Off = Discrete Output is Off

The display is a 2-line, 8-character LCD. The main screen is the Run mode screen, which shows the real-time distance measurement and the analog output measurement.

1.2.3 Buttons

Use the sensor buttons Down, Up, Enter, and Escape to program the sensor and to access sensor information.



Down and Up Buttons

Press Down and Up to:

- Access the Quick Menu from Run mode
- Navigate the menu systems
- Change programming settings

When navigating the menu systems, the menu items loop.

Press Down and Up to change setting values. Press and hold the buttons to cycle through numeric values. After changing a setting value, it slowly flashes until the change is saved using the Enter button.



Enter Button

Press Enter to:

- · Access the Sensor Menu from Run mode
- Access the submenus
- Save changes

In the Sensor Menu, a check mark *** in the lower right corner of the display indicates that pressing Enter accesses a submenu.

Press Enter to save changes. New values flash rapidly and the sensor returns to the parent menu.

Escape Button

Press Escape to:

- Leave the current menu and return to the parent menu
- Return to Run mode from the Quick Menu



Important: Pressing Escape discards any unsaved programming changes.

In the Sensor Menu, a return arrow $\frac{1}{2}$ in the upper left corner of the display indicates that pressing Escape returns to the parent menu.

Press and hold Escape for 2 seconds to return to Run mode from any menu or remote teach.

1.3 Laser Description and Safety Information



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CAUTION: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure. Do not attempt to disassemble this sensor for repair. A defective unit must be returned to the manufacturer.

1.3 Class 2 Laser Models



CAUTION: Never stare directly into the sensor lens. Laser light can damage your eyes. Avoid placing any mirror-like object in the beam. Never use a mirror as a retroreflective target.



For Safe Laser Use - Class 2 Lasers

- Do not stare at the laser.
- Do not point the laser at a person's eye.
- Mount open laser beam paths either above or below eye level, where practical.
- Terminate the beam emitted by the laser product at the end of its useful path.

Reference IEC 60825-1:2007, Section 8.2.

Class 2 Lasers

Class 2 lasers are lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm, where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses, including the blink reflex. This reaction may be expected to provide adequate protection under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Class 2 Laser Safety Notes

Low-power lasers are, by definition, incapable of causing eye injury within the duration of a blink (aversion response) of 0.25 seconds. They also must emit only visible wavelengths (400 to 700 nm). Therefore, an ocular hazard may exist only if individuals overcome their natural aversion to bright light and stare directly into the laser beam.



Figure 3. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 2)

1.3 Class 1 Laser Models

Class 1 lasers are lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Laser wavelength: 650 Output: < 0.22 Pulse Duration: 150 µs to mW 900 µs



Figure 4. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 1)

2 Sensor Installation

NOTE: Handle the sensor with care during installation and operation. Sensor windows soiled by fingerprints, dust, water, oil, etc. may create stray light that may degrade the peak performance of the sensor. Blow the window clear using filtered, compressed air, then clean as necessary using 70% isopropyl alcohol and cotton swabs or water and a soft cloth.

2.1 Sensor Orientation

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Correct sensor-to-object orientation is important to ensure proper sensing. See the following figures for examples of correct and incorrect sensor-to-object orientation as certain placements may pose problems for sensing distances.

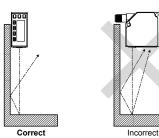


Figure 5. Orientation by a wall

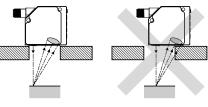




Figure 6. Orientation in an opening

Correct

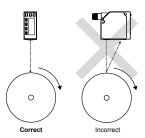


Figure 7. Orientation for a turning object

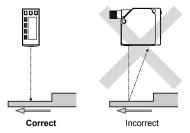


Figure 8. Orientation for a height difference

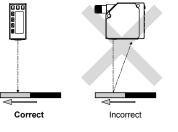


Figure 9. Orientation for a color or luster difference

2.2 Sensor Mounting

- 1. If a bracket is needed, mount the sensor onto the bracket.
- 2. Mount the sensor (or the sensor and the bracket) to the machine or equipment at the desired location. Do not tighten at this time.
- 3. Check the sensor alignment.
- 4. Tighten the screws to secure the sensor (or the sensor and the bracket) in the aligned position.

2.3 Wiring Diagrams

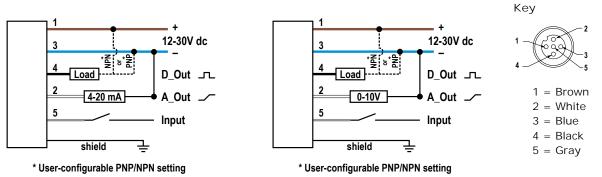


Figure 10. Analog Current Model

Figure 11. Analog Voltage Model

3 Sensor Programming

Program the sensor using the buttons on the sensor or the remote input (limited programming options).

From Run mode, use the buttons to access the Quick Menu and the Sensor Menu. See *Quick Menu* on page 9 and *Sensor Menu (MENU)* on page 10 for more information on the options available from each menu. For TEACH options, follow the TEACH instructions.

In addition to programming the sensor, use the remote input to disable the buttons for security, preventing unauthorized or accidental programming changes. See *Remote Input* on page 10 for more information.

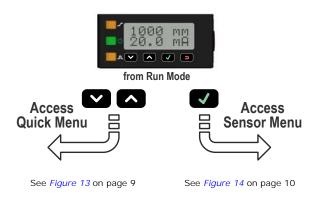


Figure 12. Accessing the LE Menus

3.1 Quick Menu

The sensor includes a Quick Menu with easy access to view and change the analog and discrete output switch points. Access the Quick Menu by pressing Down 💙 or Up 🏠 from Run mode. When in the Quick Menu, the current distance measurement displays on the first line and the menu name and the analog value alternate on the second line of the display. Press Enter 🖤 to access the switch points. Press Down 🆤 or Up 🏠 to change the switch point to the desired value. Press Enter 🖤 to save the new value and return to the Quick Menu.

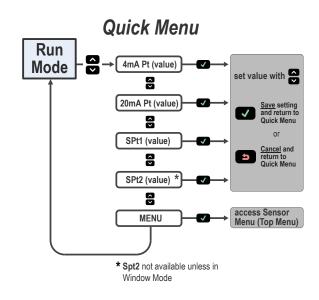


Figure 13. Quick Menu Map (Window Mode)

3.2 Sensor Menu (MENU)

Access the Sensor Menu by pressing Enter 🗹 from Run mode. The Sensor Menu is also accessible from the Quick Menu: navigate to MENU and press Enter 🗹. The Sensor Menu includes several submenus that provide access to view and change sensor settings and to view sensor information.

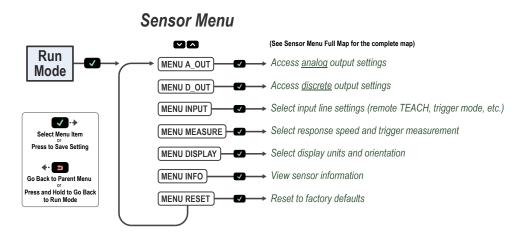


Figure 14. Sensor Menu Basic Map (Analog Models)

See Sensor Menu Full Map and the Menu sections of this manual for more information.

3.3 Remote Input

Use the remote input to program the sensor remotely. The remote input provides limited programming options and is Active Low by default. For Active Low, connect the gray input wire to ground (0 V dc), with a remote switch connected between the wire and ground. To use the Active High function, configure the sensor for Active High using the buttons on the sensor, then connect the gray input wire to V+ (12 to 30 V dc). Pulse the remote input according to the diagram and the instructions provided in this manual.

The length of the individual programming pulses is equal to the value T: 0.04 seconds $\leq T \leq 0.8$ seconds.

Exit remote programming modes by holding the remote input low for > 2 seconds, or waiting for the automatic 60-second

timeout, or by pressing and holding Escape ¹ for 2 seconds. The sensor returns to Run mode without saving any new settings.

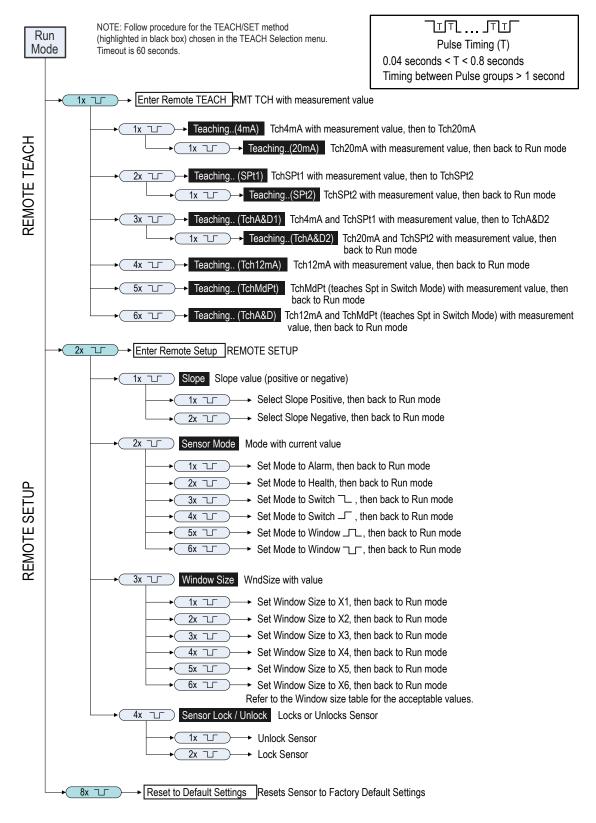


Figure 15. Remote Input Map

Table 1: Window Size (WndSize)

Variable	LE250 Models	LE550 Models	Variable	LE250 Models	LE550 Models
X1	1 mm	10 mm	X4	100 mm	300 mm
X2	10 mm	50 mm	X5	150 mm	500 mm
Х3	50 mm	100 mm	X6	250 mm	800 mm

3.4 Locking and Unlocking the Sensor

Use the lock and unlock feature to prevent unauthorized or accidental programming changes. A lock symbol displays in the upper left corner of the display to indicate when the sensor is locked. When locked, the menus are available to view settings, but the values cannot be changed. The remote input is also disabled, except for the unlock function.

Button Instructions

To lock or unlock the sensor using the buttons, press and hold Down $\side \side \side\$	and Escape 🧧	simultaneously for 3 seconds.
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Remote Input Instructions

1. Access the setup mode.

Action	Result
Double-pulse the remote input.	"REMOTE SETUP" displays.

2. Access the lock/unlock function.

Action	Result
Four-pulse the remote input.	"LOCK" and the current status (unlocked or locked) display.

3. Lock or unlock the sensor.

Action	Result
Unlock : Single-pulse the remote line.	"Unlocked" flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is unlocked.
Lock: Double-pulse the remote input.	"Locked" flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is locked and the lock symbol displays in the upper left corner.

3.5 Analog Output Menu (A_OUT)

Use the Analog Output menu to view or change:

- 4 mA (0 V) setpoint
- 20 mA (10 V) setpoint
- 12 mA (5 V) window
- Slope
- Loss of signal behavior

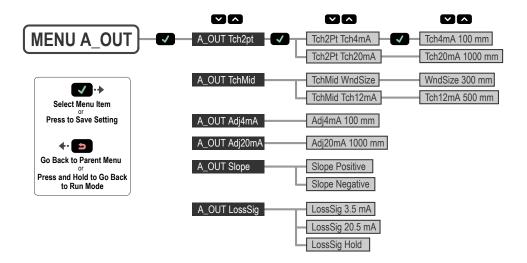


Figure 16. Analog Output Menu Map

3.5.1 TEACH 4 mA (0 V) and TEACH 20 mA (10 V)

The Tch4mA (Tch0V) and Tch20mA (Tch10V) options use targets to set the 4 mA (0 V) and 20 mA (10 V) to the desired setpoints. When using the buttons, only one value needs to be set if the second value is valid. When using the remote input, both values must be set.

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Tch2Pt > Tch4mA (Tch0V) or navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Tch2Pt > Tch2OmA (Tch10V)

Remote input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's measurement range.	The target's analog output measurement and distance measurement values display.

2. Access the TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	The selected TEACH mode and "Teaching" display while the sensor is being taught.
Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Tch2Pt > Tch4mA (Tch0V) OR Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Tch2Pt > Tch2OmA (Tch10V)	TEACH AcceptedThe new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to the parent menu.TEACH Not Accepted"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to the parent menu.

3. Repeat steps 1 to 2 for the other setpoint, if desired.

Remote Input Instructions

Teaches both the 4 mA (0 V) and 20 mA (10 V) setpoints.

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action		Result
Present the 4	mA (0 V) target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"Tch4mA (Tch0V) Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Single-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and then "Tch20mA (Tch10V)" and the current measurement value display.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

4. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the 20 mA (10 V) target.	"Tch20mA (Tch10V)" and the target's measurement value display.

5. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	 "Tch2OmA (Tch1OV) Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. <u>TEACH Accepted</u> The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode. <u>TEACH Not Accepted</u> "FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step
	2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

3.5.2 Midpoint TEACH

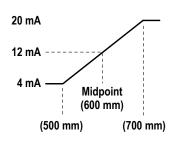


Figure 17. Window and Midpoint Example

The Midpoint TEACH uses both the window size and the 12 mA (5 V) setpoint to determine the actual measurement window. For example, a window of 200 mm with a 12 mA (5 V) setpoint of 600 mm places the measurement window from 500 mm to 700 mm.

To use the Midpoint TEACH:

- 1. Set the window size using *Window Size* on page 15.
- 2. Set the measurement window using *TEACH 12 mA (5 V)* on page 16.

The Analog Output Midpoint TEACH and the Discrete Output Midpoint TEACH are independent settings (see *Midpoint TEACH* on page 22).

Window Size

The WndSize option sets the window size that the Midpoint TEACH uses to set the 4 mA (0 V) and 20 mA (10 V) setpoints.

The Midpoint TEACH fails if one of the setpoints is beyond the measurement range. The bigger the window size, the smaller the acceptable TEACH range.

The Analog Output window size is a different setting than the Discrete Output window size when defined using the push buttons.

	LE250 Laser Sensor	LE550 Laser Sensor
Window Size Minimum	1 mm	10 mm
Window Size Maximum	250 mm	800 mm
Range	100 mm to 400 mm	100 mm to 1000 mm
Default Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > TchMid > WndSize

Remote Input: Available

Default: 300 (11.8 in) mm for LE550 models; 50.0 mm (1.97") for LE250 models

1. Access the Window Size mode.

Method	Action		Result
Push Button	Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > TchMid > Wnd	Size	"WndSize" and the current window size value display.
Remote Input	a. Double-pulse the remote input to enter setup mode.		a. "REMOTE SETUP" displays.
	b. Three-pulse the remote input to enter window size mode.		b. "WndSize" and the current window size value display.

2. Set the window size.

Method	Action			Result
Push Button	a. Use Down and Up and to set the desired window size—the value changes in increments of 2.		a. "WndSize" and the new value display.	
Fusit Button	b. Press Enter	to save the new value.		b. The new value flashes and the sensor returns to "TchMid WndSize".
	Pulse the remote	input 1 to 6 times to select	the desired window size.	
		Window Size		
	Pulses	LE250	LE550	The new value flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode.
Remote Input	1	1 mm	10 mm	
(Sets A_OUT	2	10 mm	50 mm	
and D_OUT	3	50 mm	100 mm	
window Size)	4	100 mm	300 mm	
	5	150 mm	500 mm	
	6	250 mm	800 mm	

TEACH 12 mA (5 V)

The Tch12mA (Tch5V) option sets the midpoint that determines the actual measurement window.

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > TchMid > Tch12mA (Tch5V)

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	The target's analog output measurement and distance measurement values display.

2. Access the TEACH 12 mA (5 V) mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"Tch12mA (Tch5V) Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > TchMid > Tch12mA (Tch5V) .	The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "TchMid Tch12mA (Tch5V)".
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" and a warning message display and the sensor returns to "Tch Mid Tch12mA (Tch5V)".

Remote Input Instructions

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"Tch12mA (Tch5V) Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Four-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

3.5.3 Adjust 4 mA (0 V)

The Adj4mA (Adj0V) option manually adjusts the distance at which the Analog Output is 4mA (0 V). The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. It is required to at least maintain the minimum window size.

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Adj4mA (Adj0V)

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 100 mm (3.94 in) for both LE250 and LE550 models

3.5.4 Adjust 20 mA (10 V)

The Adj20mA (Adj10V) option manually adjusts the distance at which the Analog Output is 20 mA (10 V). The value is adjustable between the sensor's range. It is required to at least maintain the minimum window size.

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Adj20mA (Adj10V)

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 400 mm for the LE250 models; 1000 mm (39.37 in) for the LE550 models

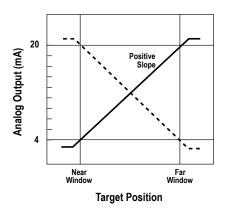
3.5.5 Slope

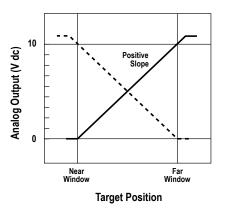
The Slope option sets the slope as positive or negative. This swaps the 4 mA and 20 mA (0 V and 10 V) values.

Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Slope

Remote Input: Available

Default: Positive





The analog current output tracks slightly beyond each window limit (from 3.8 mA to 20.2 mA)

Figure 18. Slope—Current-Sourcing Models

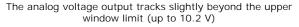


Figure 19. Slope—Voltage-Sourcing Models

1. Access the slope setting.

Method	Action	Result
Push Button	Navigate: MENU > A_OUT > Slope	"Slope" and the current setting display.
Remote I nput	a. Double-pulse the remote input to enter setup mode.b. Single-pulse the remote input to access A_OUT Slope.	a. "REMOTE SETUP" displays.b. "Slope" and the current setting display.

2. Set the slope.

Method	Action	Result
Push Button	a. Use Down and Up to change the slope between Positive and Negative.	a. The selection flashes rapidly on the display.
	b. Press Enter 🔽 to save the selection.	b. The selection is saved and the sensor returns to "A_OUT Slope".
Remote I nput	Positive slope: Single-pulse the remote input	The selection flashes rapidly on the display, and the sensor returns to Run mode.

3.5.6 Loss of Signal

The LossSig option sets the Analog Output value used by the sensor during a loss of signal. When a signal is restored, measurement resumes.

Navigate: Menu > A_Out > LossSig

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 3.5 mA (0 V)

Option	Description
3.5 mA (0 V)	The Analog Output switches to this value 2 seconds after a loss of signal. When advanced measurements are enabled, the Analog Output is updated to this value immediately upon the release of the trigger input. For Voltage models, this is 0 V. (Default)
20.5 mA (10.5 V)	The Analog Output switches to this value 2 seconds after a loss of signal. When advanced measurements are enabled, the Analog Output is updated to this value immediately upon the release of the trigger input. For Voltage models, this is 10.5 V.
Hold	The Analog Output holds the last value indefinitely during a loss of signal. When advanced measurements are enabled, the last value is held across the triggered measurement periods.

The Range advanced measurement behavior is affected by the Loss of Signal option. For additional information on advanced measurements, see *Trigger* on page 30. The Range advanced measurement tracks a maximum and a minimum during the measurement period, and calculates the range as follows:

Range = maximum distance - minimum distance

If the maximum and/or minimum measurements are outside of the taught setpoints, the Loss of Signal option determines how the range is calculated.

Option	Sensor Behavior in Range Mode
3.5 mA (0 V)	If the maximum or minimum measurement is outside of the taught setpoints, the sensor outputs 3.5 mA (0 V) to indicate an out of range measurement.
20.5 mA (10.5 V)	If the maximum or minimum measurement is outside of the taught setpoints, the sensor outputs 20.5 mA (10.5 V) to indicate an out of range measurement.
Hold	The sensor limits the maximum and minimum measurements so that they cannot exceed the taught setpoints.

3.6 Discrete Output Menu (D_OUT)

Use this menu to view or change

- Setpoints
- Midpoint
- Mode
- Timers
- Polarity

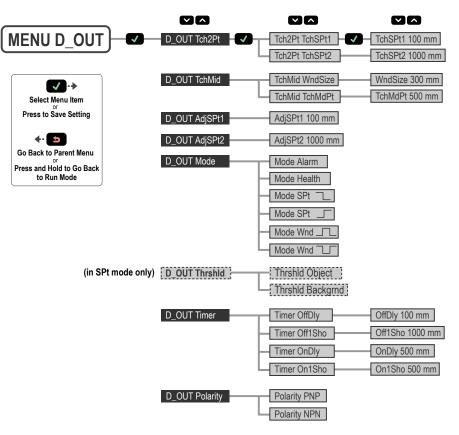


Figure 20. LE550 Discrete Output Menu Map

3.6.1 Two-Point TEACH

The TchSpt1 and TchSPt2 options teach the desired switch points. When using the buttons, the switch points can be taught independently. Both values must be taught when using the remote input.



NOTE: When in Switch mode, use *TEACH Switch Point* on page 25.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt1 and navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt2

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range	The target's analog output measurement and distance measurement value display.

2. Access the TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	The selected TEACH mode and "Teaching" display while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt1 OR	The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to the parent menu.
Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt2	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to the parent menu.

3. Repeat steps 1 to 2 for the other switch point, if desired.

Remote Input Instructions

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	T	"RMT TCH" and the current switch point value displays.

2. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the switch point one target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Double-pulse the remote input.	"TchSPt1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. <u>TEACH Accepted</u> The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor goes to "TchSPt2" and the current measurement value. <u>TEACH Not Accepted</u>
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

4. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the switch point two target.	"TchSPt2" and the target's measurement value display.

5. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchSPt2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Single-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

3.6.2 Midpoint TEACH

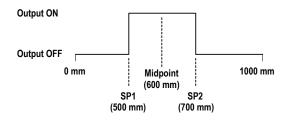


Figure 21. Window and Midpoint Example

The Midpoint TEACH uses both the window size and the TEACH midpoint to determine the actual measurement window. For example, a window of 200 mm with a midpoint of 600 mm places the measurement window from 500 mm to 700 mm.

To use Midpoint TEACH:

- 1. Set the window size using *Window Size* on page 22.
- 2. Set the measurement window using *TEACH Midpoint* on page 23.

The Discrete Output Midpoint TEACH and the Analog Output Midpoint TEACH are independent settings.

Window Size

The WndSize option sets the window size that the Midpoint TEACH uses to set the setpoint one and setpoint two thresholds.

The Midpoint TEACH will fail if one of the setpoints is beyond the measurement range. The bigger the window size, the smaller the acceptable TEACH range.

The Discrete Output window size is a different setting than the Analog Output window size when defined using the button.

	LE250 Laser Sensor	LE550 Laser Sensor
Window Size Minimum	1 mm	10 mm
Window Size Maximum	250 mm	800 mm
Range	100 mm to 400 mm	100 mm to 1000 mm
Default Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchMid > WndSize

Remote Input: Available

1. Access the setup mode.

Method	Action	Result
Push Button	Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchMid > WndSize .	"WndSize" and the current window size value display.

Method	Action	Result
Remote I nput	a. Double-pulse the remote input to enter setup mode.b. Three-pulse the remote input to enter window size mode.	a. "REMOTE SETUP" displays.b. "WndSize" and the current value display.

2. Set the window size.

nges in increments of 2.		 a. "WndSize" and the new value display. b. The new value flashes and returns to "TchMid WndSize".
remote input 1 to 6 times to Winc LE250	select the desired window	
Uinc LE250	low Size	
LE250	1	
	LE550	
1 mm		
1 111111	10 mm	
10 mm	50 mm	The new value flashes and the sensor
50 mm	100 mm	
100 mm	300 mm	
150 mm	500 mm	
250 mm	800 mm	
	50 mm 100 mm 150 mm	50 mm 100 mm 100 mm 300 mm 150 mm 500 mm

TEACH Midpoint

The TchMdPt option sets the midpoint that determines the actual measurement window.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

A	Action	Result
F	Present the target.	The target's analog output measurement and distance measurement value display.

2. Access the TEACH midpoint mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchMdPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt	The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt".
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt".

Remote Input Instructions

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	T	"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchMdpt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted
Five-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" and a warning message display, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

3.6.3 Adjust Switch Point One

The AdjSPt1 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point one threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > AdjSPt1

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 100 mm for both the LE250 and LE550 models.

3.6.4 Adjust Switch Point Two

The AdjSPt2 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point two threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable with the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > AdjSPt2

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 400 mm for LE250 models and 1000 mm for LE550 models.

3.6.5 TEACH Switch Point

The TchSPt option teaches the distance at which the switch point threshold is placed when the Discrete Output is in Switch mode. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchSPt

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range.	The target's analog output measurement and distance measurement value display.

2. Access the switch point TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > TchSPt	The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "D_OUT TchSPt".
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "D_OUT TchSPt".

Remote Input Instructions

- 1. Make sure that the sensor is in Switch mode.
- 2. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

3. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

4. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Five-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 3, and "RMT TCH" displays.

3.6.6 Adjust Switch Point

The AdjSPt option manually adjusts the value of the switch point threshold for the discrete output when the sensor is in Switch mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > AdjSPt

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 100 mm for the LE250 and LE550 models

3.6.7 Mode

The Mode option sets the output to the desired mode.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Mode

Remote Input: Available

Default: Wnd ____ mode

The following table describes the sensor modes.

Mode	Description
Alarm	Alarm Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance.
	When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is On.
	This mode has no associated thresholds.
Health	Health Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance.
	When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is Off.
	This mode has no associated thresholds.
SPt	Switch Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold.
	When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off.
SPt	Switch Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold.
	When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.
Wnd	Window Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds. (Default)
	When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off.
Wnd	Window Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds.
	When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.

Remote Input Instructions

1. Access the setup mode.

Act	ion	Result
Dou	uble-pulse the remote input.	"REMOTE SETUP" displays.

2. View the current mode.

Action	Result
Double-pulse the remote input.	The current mode displays.

3. Program the sensor.

Action		Result
Pulse the remote input 1 to 6 times to select the desired mode.		
Pulses	Mode	
	Alarm	
	Health	
	Swtch	The selected mode flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode.
	Swtch	
	Wnd	
	Wnd	

3.6.8 Switch Point Reference (SPtRef)

The SPtRef menu only displays for a discrete output when it is set to switch mode. The SPtRef settings, object or background, for the two discrete outputs are set independently. This setting cannot be changed with remote teach.

- Object (default). Object mode sets the switching threshold just past the location of the taught object, farther away from the sensor's face.
- Background. Background mode sets the switching threshold in front of the taught object, closer to the sensor's face.

The distance between the surface of the taught object and the switching threshold varies depending on measurement strength and can be affected by target distance, color, reflectivity, etc. Use object mode when teaching an object if a change in state is required when the object is no longer present. Use background mode when teaching background so that the output state changes when a new object is in front of the background.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > SPtRef

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Background

3.6.9 Timer

The Timer option sets the delays and timers. On/Off Delays and On/Off One-Shot timers can be programmed between 1 to 9999 ms (a value of 0 disables the delay/timer). *Figure 22* on page 28 defines how the delays/timers affect the output behavior.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Timer

Remote Input: not available

Default: 0 ms for all timers

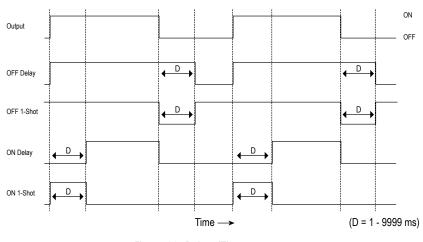


Figure 22. Delays/Timers

Some combinations of delays/timers are not allowed. The programming menu automatically disables invalid combinations of delays/timers. The following table shows the allowable combinations of delays/timers.

	Off Delay	Off One-Shot Timer	On Delay	On One-Shot Timer
Off Delay (OffDly)	ОК	ОК	OK	N/A
Off One-Shot Timer (Off1Sho)	ОК	ОК	N/A	N/A
On Delay (OnDly)	ОК	N/A	ОК	ОК
On One-Shot Timer (On1Sho)	N/A	N/A	ОК	ОК

3.6.10 Polarity

The Polarity option sets the discrete output polarity to either PNP (current sourcing) or NPN (current sinking). The physical wiring of the sensor and the sensor polarity setting must match.

Navigate: MENU > D_OUT > Polarity

Remote Input: Not available

Default: PNP

3.7 Input Menu (INPUT)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Multi-function input type
- Active state of the remote input

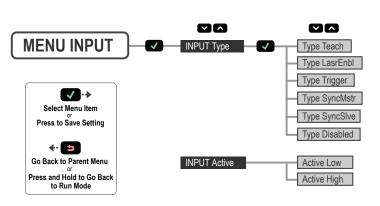


Figure 23. Input Menu Map

3.7.1 Input Type

The Type option sets the input type. Navigate: MENU > INPUT > Type Remote Input: Not available

Default: Teach

Input Type	Description
Teach	The remote input is used to TEACH and program the sensor. (Default)
LasrEnbl	The remote input is used to control when the laser emitter is On/Off.
Trigger	The remote input is used to trigger advanced measurements To enable advanced measurements, the Input Type option must be set to Trigger (see <i>Trigger</i> on page 30).
SyncMstr	The remote input is used as the Master Sync output to an attached Slave sensor (see <i>Sync Master/Slave</i> on page 36).
SyncSlve	The remote input is used as the Slave Sync input from an attached Master sensor (see <i>Sync Master/Slave</i> on page 36).
Disabled	The remote input is disabled.

3.7.2 Input Active

The Active option sets the active state of the remote input. Use the Active options to change the active input to Low or High.

Navigate: MENU > INPUT > Active

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Low

Input Active	Description
Low	The remote input detects low (0 V) inputs and high-to-low transitions. (Default)
High	The remote input detects high (V+) inputs and low-to-high transitions.

3.8 Measure Menu (MEASURE)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Speed
- Trigger

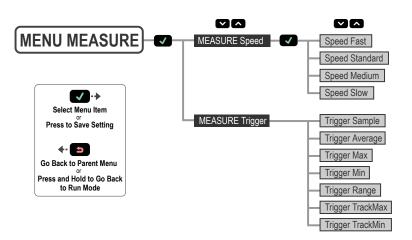


Figure 24. Measure Menu Map

3.8.1 Speed

The Speed option sets the speed at which the measurement is calculated. This process uses averaging in the digital processing of the signal to calculate the measurement. A slower speed increases the response time of the sensor but improves the repeatability. See *Figure 36* on page 40 for repeatability specifications for each speed.

Navigate: MENU > MEASURE > Speed

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Standard

	Class 1 Laser Models		Class 2 Laser Models	
Speed	Response Time Response Time in Sync Mode		Response Time	Response Time in Sync Mode
Fast	2 ms	4 ms	2 ms	4 ms
Standard	10 ms (default)	20 ms	5 ms (default)	10 ms
Medium	30 ms	60 ms	15 ms	30 ms
Slow	100 ms	200 ms	50 ms	100 ms

3.8.2 Trigger

The Trigger option sets the advanced measurement that is calculated when a trigger event is detected on the remote input. The analog output updates with the new advanced measurement on each trigger event. To use these Trigger options, the sensor Input Type option must be set to Trigger; see *Input Type* on page 29.

Navigate: MENU > MEASURE > Trigger

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Sample

Trigger	Description
Sample	The current distance at the time of the trigger event. (Default) The Analog Output tracks the sample values during the measuring period.
Average	The averaged distance since the last trigger event.
Maximum (Max)	The maximum distance since the last trigger event.
Minimum (Min)	The minimum distance since the last trigger event.
Range	The difference between the maximum and minimum distance since the last trigger event. For additional information on the Range measurement behavior when the maximum or minimum distance is outside of the taught setpoints, see <i>Loss of Signal</i> on page 18.
TrackMax	The maximum distance since the last trigger event. The Analog Output tracks new maximum values during the measurement period.
TrackMin	The minimum distance since the last trigger event. The Analog Output tracks new minimum values during the measurement period.

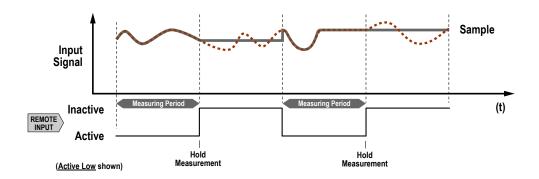


Figure 25. Sample

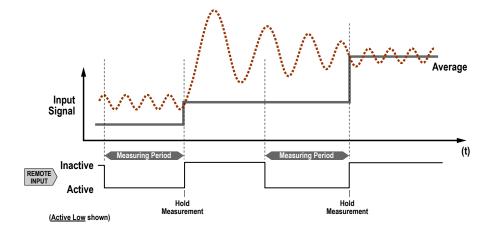


Figure 26. Average

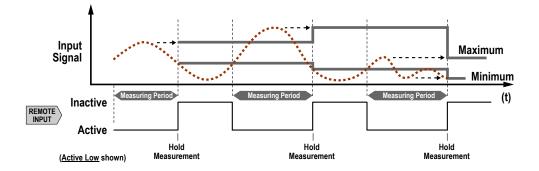


Figure 27. Maximum and Minimum

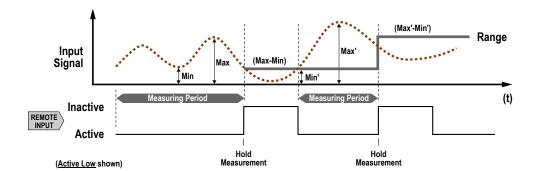
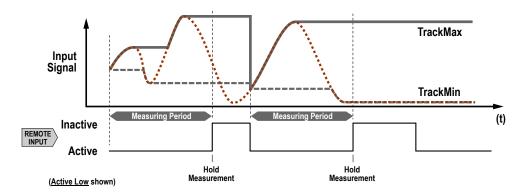


Figure 28. Range





3.9 Display Menu (DISPLAY)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Display units
- Display orientation
- Sleep mode settings

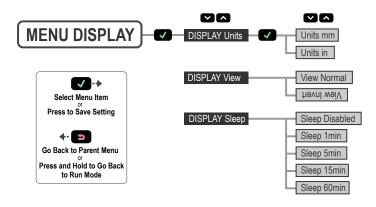


Figure 30. Display Menu Map

3.9.1 Units

The Units option sets the displayed units to millimeters (mm) or inches (in).

Navigate: MENU > DISPLAY > Units

Remote Input: Not available

Default: mm

3.9.2 View

The View option sets the display orientation of the sensor. For applications where the sensor must be mounted so that the display is not right-reading, invert the display for readability. The Down and Up buttons do not change when the display is inverted.

Navigate: MENU > DISPLAY > View

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Normal



Figure 31. LE550 Normal Display Orientation



Figure 32. LE550 Inverted Display Orientation

3.9.3 Sleep

The Sleep option sets when the display is put to sleep. Four timing options are available: 1, 5, 15, or 60 minutes. Sleep mode is disabled by default. Sleep occurs in Run mode and any menu. To wake the sensor and return to the last viewed mode or menu, press any button.

Navigate: MENU > DI SPLAY > Sleep

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Disabled

3.10 Information Menu (INFO)

MENU INFO	INFO Model	✓ Model LE550I
	INFO P/N	P/N 86748
	INFO S/N	S/N FSPD
Select Menu Item or Press to Save Setting	INFO Version	Version 1.0.0
↔ ⊃		
Go Back to Parent Menu		
Press and Hold to Go Back to Run Mode		

Figure 33. LE550 Information Menu Map

Use this menu to view model, part number (P/N), serial number (S/N), and firmware version (Version) information. Select one of these options to view specific information for your sensor. This information is read-only.

Navigate: MENU > I NFO

Remote Input: Not available

3.11 Reset Menu (RESET)

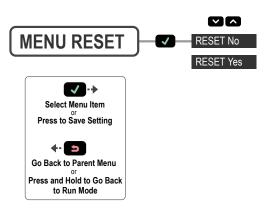


Figure 34. Reset Menu Map

Use this menu to restore the sensor to the factory default settings. See Factory Default Settings on page 35.

Navigate: MENU > RESET. Select Yes to apply the factory defaults; select No to return to the Reset option without changing any sensor settings.



Remote Input: Eight-pulse the remote input

3.11.1 Factory Default Settings

Analog Output Settings	LE250	LE550
Adjust 4 mA (0 V)	100 mm	100 mm
Adjust 20 mA (10 V)	400 mm	1000 mm
Loss of Signal	3.5 m	A (0 V)
Slope	Positive	
Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Input Settings	LE250 and LE550
Input Active	Low
Input Type	Teach

Measure Settings	LE250 and LE550
Speed	Standard
Trigger	Sample

Discrete Output Settings	LE250	LE550
Adjust Switch Point One	100 mm	100 mm
Adjust Switch Point Two	400 mm	1000 mm
Mode	Wnd	
Polarity	PNP	
Timer	0 ms for all timers	
Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Display Settings	LE250 and LE550	
Sleep	Disabled	
Units	mm	
View	Normal	

4 Sync Master/Slave

Two LE Lasers may be used together in a single sensing application. To eliminate crosstalk between the two sensors, configure one sensor to be the master and one to be the slave. In this mode, the sensors alternate taking measurements and the response speed doubles.

- 1. Configure the first sensor as the master; navigate: MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncMstr.
- 2. Configure the second sensor as the slave; navigate: MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncSlve.
- 3. Connect the gray (input) wires of the two sensors together.

If using a combination of Class 1 and Class 2 laser models, the Class 1 laser model must be used as the master.

5 Additional Remote TEACH Procedures

5.1 TEACH Analog Output and Discrete Output Switch Points Together

Use the following procedure to teach identical Analog Output and Discrete Output switch points at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons.

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.		"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action	Result	
	"RMT TCH"and the target's measurement value display.	

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchA&D1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted
Three-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and then "TchA&D2" and the current measurement value display.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

4. Present the target.

Action	Result	
Present the switch point two target.	"TchA&D2" and the target's measurement value display.	

5. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
	"TchA&D2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.
	TEACH Accepted
Single-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FALL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

5.2 TEACH Analog Output and Discrete Output Midpoints Together

Use the following procedure to teach an identical Analog Output 12 mA (5 V) point and Discrete Output midpoint (switch point) at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons. Note that if the window sizes were set independently (using the buttons), the windows taught using the following procedure could be different.

1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result	
Single-pulse the remote input.		"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action		Result	
Present the midpoint (switch	n point) target.	"RMT TCH"and the target's measurement value display.	

3. TEACH the sensor.

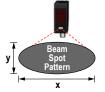
Action	Result
	"TchA&D Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted
Six-pulse the remote input.	The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.
	TEACH Not Accepted
	"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

6 Specifications

Supply Voltage (Vcc) 12 to 30 V dc	Ser
Power and Current Consumption, exclusive of load Normal Run Mode: 1.7 W, Current consumption < 70 mA at 24 V dc	Ser
Supply Protection Circuitry Protected against reverse polarity and transient overvoltages	I
Output Configuration Analog output: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 10 V, depending on model Discrete output rating: Discrete NPN/PNP is user-configurable	Del Z
Output Ratings Discrete Output: 100 mA maximum (protected against continuous overload and short circuit) OFF-state leakage current—PNP: < 10 μ A at 30 V OFF-state leakage current—NPN: < 200 μ A at 30 V Output saturation voltage—PNP outputs: < 3 V at 100 mA Output saturation voltage—NPN outputs: < 3 V at 100 mA Analog current output (LEI Models):1 k Ω max. @ 24 V; max. load resistance = [(Vcc-4.5)/0.02 Ω] Analog voltage output (LEU Models): 2.5 k Ω min. load resistance	Am A Mir Bor
 Remote Input Allowable Input Voltage Range: 0 to Vcc Active Low (internal weak pullup—sinking current): High State > 4.3 V at 740 μA max. Low State < 1.3 V at 800 μA max. Active High (internal weak pulldown—sourcing current): 	Ma Rep Ter

- Active High (internal weak pulldown—sourcing current): • High State > 4.3 V at 1.7 mA max.
- \cdot Low State < 1.3 V at 1.6 mA max.
- Analog Resolution
 - LE250: 100 mm to 250 mm: Less than 0.02 mm
 - LE250: 250 mm to 400 mm: Less than 0.2 mm
 - LE550: 100 mm to 600 mm: Less than 0.5 mm
 - LE550: 600 mm to 1000 mm: Less than 1 mm
- Analog Linearity
 - LE250: Linearity is the less of Accuracy or 0.3% of full scale range (± 0.9 mm) at any given distance
 - LE550: Linearity is the lesser of Accuracy or 0.5% of full scale range (\pm 4.5 mm) at any given distance

Typical Beam Spot Size¹



	Distance (mm)					
	LE250 Models		LE5	50 Mode	0 Models	
	100	250	400	100	550	1000
х	3.2	2.1	1.2	8.4	10.5	12.1
У	2.2	1.5	0.9	3.5	4.2	4.9

Sensing Beam Class 2 laser models: visible red, 650 nm Class 1 laser models: visible red, 650 nm nsing Range LE250: 100 mm (3.94 in) to 400 mm (15.75 in) LE550: 100 mm (3.94 in) to 1000 mm (39.37 in) elay at Power Up 2 s easurement/Output Rate Class 2 laser models: < 1 ms Class 1 laser models (fast): < 1 ms Class 1 laser models (std/med/slow): < 2 ms nbient Light Immunity Class 2 laser models: > 10,000 lux Class 1 laser models: > 5,000 lux nimum Window Size, Analog and Discrete LE250: 1 mm (0.039 in) LE550: 10 mm (0.39 in) resighting LE250: 4 mm radius at 400 mm LE550: 1 cm radius at 1 m iximum Torque 2 N·m (17.7 in-lbs) epeatability See Performance Curves mperature Effect See Performance Curves Accuracy See Performance Curves Construction Housing: die-cast zinc Window: acrylic Vibration/Mechanical Shock

All models meet Mil. Std. 202 G requirements method 201A. Also meets IEC 60947-5-2.

Response Time

	Class 1 Laser Models	Class 2 Laser Models
Fast 2	2 ms	2 ms
Standard	10 ms	5 ms
Medium	30 ms	15 ms
Slow	100 ms	50 ms

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Beam spot size is calculated as 1.6 times the D4 σ measured value

Response time for lateral entry of object into measurement range < 5 ms</p>

Environmental Rating IEC IP67, NEMA 6

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -20 °C to +55 °C (-4 °F to +131°F) Humidity: 90% at +55 °C maximum relative humidity (noncondensing)

Storage Temperature

-30 °C to +65 °C (-22 °F to +149 °F)

Application Note

For optimum performance, allow 10 minutes for the sensor to warm $\ensuremath{\mathsf{up}}$

Certifications





UL Environmental Rating: Type 1

Required Overcurrent Protection

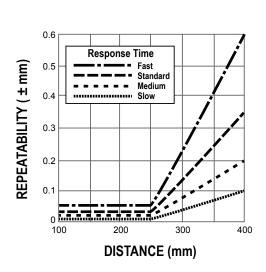


WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table. Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply. Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced. For additional product support, go to http:// www.bannerengineering.com.

Supply Wiring (AWG)	Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)
20	5.0
22	3.0
24	2.0
26	1.0
28	0.8
30	0.5

6.1 Performance Curves



LE250 Models

Figure 35. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)

LE550 Models

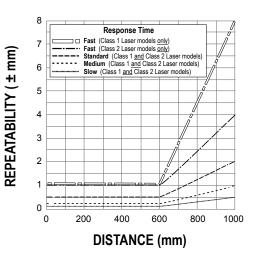


Figure 36. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)

LE250 Models

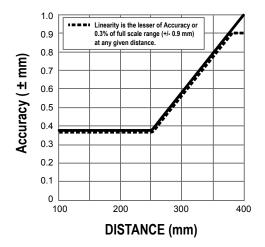


Figure 37. Accuracy (90% to 6% reflectance)

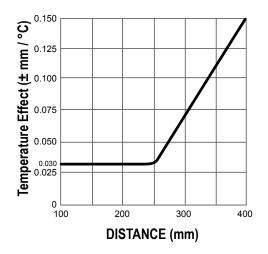


Figure 39. Temperature Effect

LE550 Models

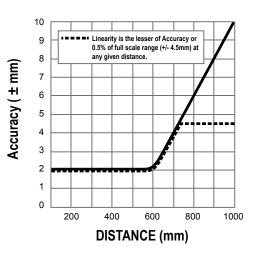


Figure 38. Accuracy (90% to 6% reflectance)

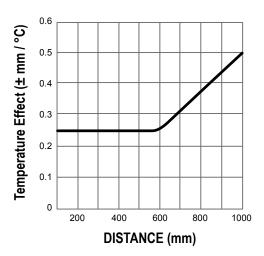
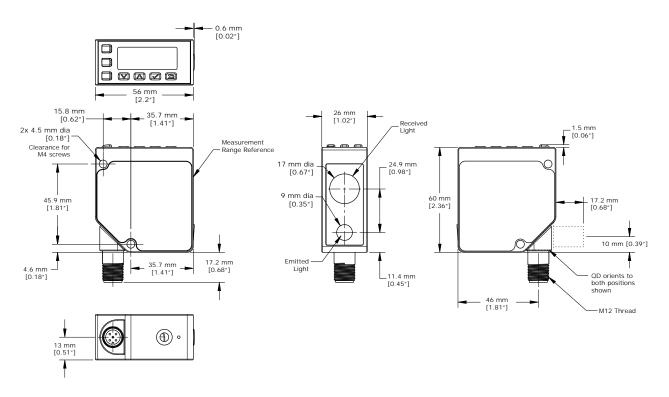


Figure 40. Temperature Effect

6.2 Dimensions

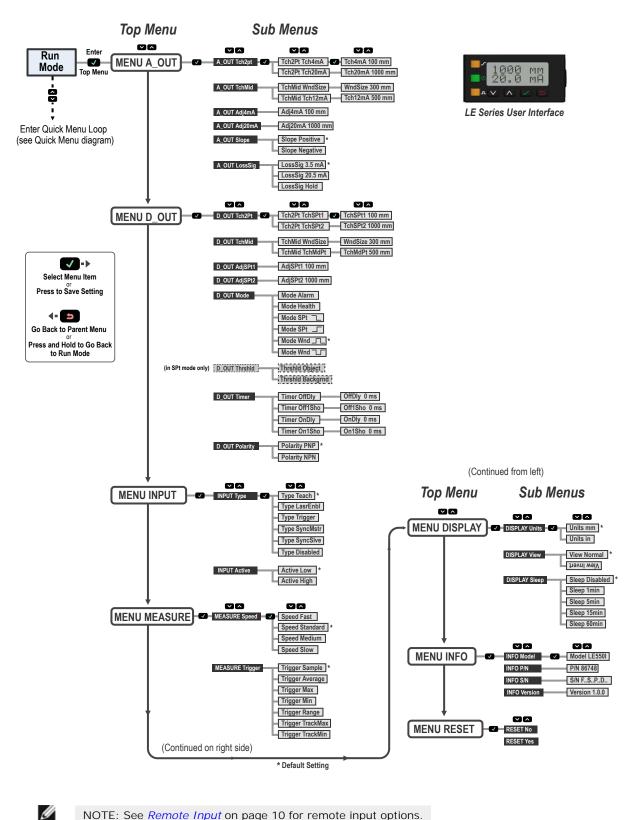
All measurements are listed in millimeters (inches), unless noted otherwise.



7 Troubleshooting

Message/Indicator	Description	Resolution
Fail/ Min Wnd OutRnge	The minimum window size is 1 mm for the LE250 models and 10 mm for the LE550 models. One point of the adjusted or taught window is out of range.	The sensor automatically returns to the previous setting.
Fail/ Out of Range	The TEACH failed, the target is out of range. The target might have moved out of range after the TEACH process began.	TEACH the switch point within the measurement range.
Fail/ Wnd out of Range	 The window TEACH failed. The window is out of the measurement range. The target might have moved out of range after the TEACH process began. The window is too large. 	TEACH the window within the measurement range.
MIN Wnd xx mm (xx in)	The adjusted or taught window size is too small; the minimum window size is displayed.	The sensor automatically adjusts the window size to maintain the minimum window size and completes the adjust or TEACH operation.
OutRnge	The target is out of range, too dark, or the sensor is not measuring.	Move the target within the measurement range.
Power LED is flashing green	The sensor input is set to laser enable and the input is not active.	See Input Type on page 29.
Power LED is flashing red	The laser shut off, the Power LED flashes red and Output LEDs flash amber at 1Hz, and the display is blank.	Contact Banner Engineering to resolve.
	The laser has experienced a fault.	
Type Sync Slave	The slave mode sensor does not see the master's pulse.	Make sure that the master mode sensor is configured and functioning properly. Check the input wire connection between the master and slave.

8 Sensor Menu Full Map (LE550 Analog/Discrete Models)



NOTE: See *Remote Input* on page 10 for remote input options.

9 Accessories

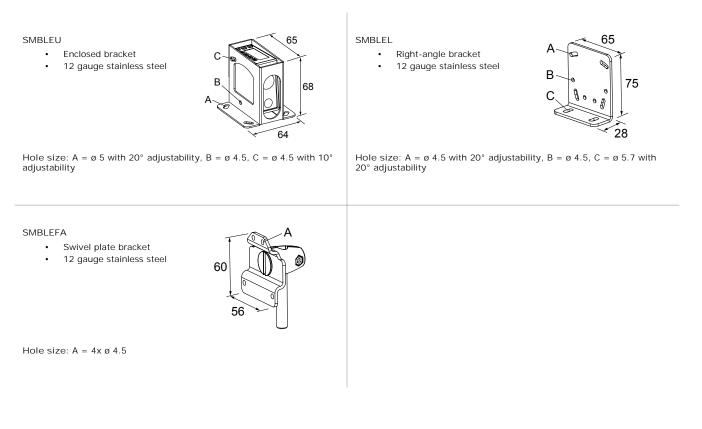
9.1 Cordsets

5-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets—with Shield Model Length Style Dimensions Pinout (Female) MQDEC2-506 1.83 m (6 ft) 44 Typ. 4.57 m (15 ft) MQDEC2-515 Straight MQDEC2-530 9.14 m (30 ft) M12 x 1 MQDEC2-550 15.2 m (50 ft) ø 14.5 MQDEC2-506RA 1.83 m (6 ft) 32 Typ [1.26"] MQDEC2-515RA 4.57 m (15 ft) 1 = Brown2 = White MQDEC2-530RA 9.14 m (30 ft) 3 = Blue30 Ťyp. Right-Angle 4 = Black [1.18"] 5 = GrayMQDEC2-550RA 15.2 m (50 ft) ø 14.5 [0.57"] -

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

9.2 Brackets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.



10 Banner Engineering Corp Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

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